THE FORT WORTH GAZETTE.

THE MOST STUPENDOUS

SUMMER: :: SALE

EVER ATTEMPTED.

E. BAUMAN'S,

Successor to B. C. Evans Company,

LOWEST PRICES EVER QUOTED IN TEXAS.

DRESS GOODS. Polka Dot Lace Challie,

value 30c, go at 124c. Solid Colors Half - Wool Challie, value 25c, at 121.

Imported Figured Wool Challie, value 75c, go at 32c.

Beautiful Fancy Dress adine for 79c and \$1.10. Goods, worth \$2 yard, for

SILKS.

Black and Colored Faille Francaise, all Silk, worth broidery, Edge and Insertion, \$1.50, for 79c yard. Figured China Silk, worth

75c. for 35c.

\$1.50 and \$2.50 Silk Gren-

EMBROIDERIES and LACES.

Swiss and Hamburg Emin all widths, from 1c yd up.

Black and White Embroidered Flouncing, most beauti-Regular \$1 Silk Grenadine ful and elegant colors, at 1

Slaughtering sale of Black, White and Colored Laces, all Surah Silks, all colors, for widths, also Demi-Flouncing,

We Know Money is Scarce, Therefore Give These Prices.

LINENS AND SHADES. 6 foot Window Shades for

Elegant 6-foot Dado Shades

All of our finest quality of shades at a great sacrifice

Greatest slaughtering sale of Table Linens, Towels and Napkins at 35 per cent less than you pay our compet-

HOSIERY and UNDERWEAR CARPETS AND MATTINGS.

Ladies Fast Black Hose. fall finished, at 22c, worth

All Silk Hose, real value \$1.50, for 75c.

Ladies' Fancy Striped Hose, worth 40c, for 25c. Colored Silk-Pleated Hose, \$1,35.

worth 90c, for 52c. Ladies' Black Vests, fast colors, at 11c, worth 20c.

at 75c. valued at \$1.25. Ribbed Vests at 22c, worth

Special 40c Ingrain Carpet

Brussels Carpet, value 75c,

Elegant \$2 Moquette for

The remainder of our Mattings and Linoleums must be Jersey Silk Ribbed Vests closed out to make room at 40 per cent less than you pay

These Hard Times Money-Saving Prices Will Tell.

SHOES

Ladjes Oxford Ties at 50 E. & W. Collars at 15c. and The, worth double. Ladies' Zeigler Bros' Shoes at \$3.30. regular \$5.50 shoe

anywhere. Men's and Boys' Shoes at CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS.

Zeigler Bros' Child's Oxfords, sizes 4½ to 10½, at 75c,
Shirt at 85c to \$1.50, worth

No reasonable offer refused
for anything in our Millinery

No he's to look after Campbell.
There'll probably be a joint deband in the state of the stat \$1.50 to \$2.25.

E. & W. Cuffs at 30c.

The remainder of our actual cost from manufact. Clothing Stock must go re- and Colored Parasols, all gardless of value.

MILLINERY.

Department.

Greatest sacrice of Plain and fancy ribbons ever known Men's Undershirts from 15c -at less than importers'

Immense sacrifice in Black

Prices Cut To Pieces in Every Department.

August is Almost Here and Our Stock Must Go.

E. BAUMAN,

First, Houston and Main Streets, Fort Worth, Texas.

I. C. M. CARTHY, President. CHAS. SCHEUBER, Vice-President. CITY NATIONAL BANK.

Surplus, \$60,000. Safety Deposit Boxes, Fire and Burglar Proof, for Rent. Bar Tone J. Q. Sandidge, J. C. McCarthy, C. M. Crane, T. T. D. Andrews, Chas. Scheuber,

I M. V. SANDT, President. THOS. A. TIDBALL, Vice-President. THE FORT WORTH NATIONAL BANK.

The land balking business transacted. Collections made and promptly remitted. Exchange and the principal cities of Europe. Directors—K. M. VanZandt, Thos. A. Tidball, N. F. H. B. Herd, J. J. Jarvis, E. J. Beall, R. L. Eilisen, Wallace Hendricks, R. G. Johnson. D. C. BENNETT, Vice-President. KARKOLD, Cashier

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, And Second and Houston Stocks, Ft. Worth, Tex. Transacts a General Banking Business

Cash Capital, \$250,000.

Action S B Burnett, E. B. Harrold and M. Harrold.

D. J. CALKINS. Vice-Presds. FRANK DORSEY. Cashier

CITY NATIONAL BANK. Wichita Palls Tox. | A general banking business in all its branches 650,000. | Collections made on all Panhandle points.

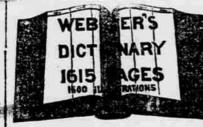
L R HATCHER, Pres. GEO. R. BOWMAN, Sec. JNO. P. MOORE, V.-P. & G. M. T. A. TIDBALL.

THE MOORE IRON WORKS CO ..

Fort Worth, Texas.

The Chica Tablica Street Works, three-quarters of a mile west of city limits on Texas and Pacine Railroad.

Sture House Fronts, Railings, Ventilators, Sash Weights, Artesian Well Drilling Ma-Well Drillis, Drill Bars, Rope Sockets, Jars, Fishing Tools, Engine and Car Castings, and rebuild Engines, Boilers, Pumps, Etc., and do a general Foundry and Machine Estimates given on all kinds of machinery. Architectural Iron work of all kinds a tion the Fort Worth Gazette



Every family wants a uncurrent families want ten dollars also.

Some families want the ten dollars also so much that they go without the diet. Every family wants a dictionary. Mos

THE GAZTTER by the of the ster's Dictionary. Into of the lithing the best print, the best binding, the most words, the best illustrations. With the Weekly GAZETTE one year it sosts only \$4; with the Daily one year only

Regular subscribers to THE GAZETTE can secure a copy of this dictionary for \$3.00, sent by express, or for \$2.50 delivered at our office. You are invited to call at our office and impect the book itself, and see how much superior it is to other cheap dictionaries,

CHARENDON, TEX., Feb. 5, 1991.

Democrat Publishing Company, Fort Worth.

Sins—The Webster's dictionary gives every
satisfaction. We have taken the Daily GAZETTE
for years and think the dictionary and GAZETTE
for years at \$10 a great bargain. Truly yours.

MCCIRLLAND BROS., Real Estate Dealers.

GAMESTILLE, THE., Jan. 20, 1891.
Fort Worth, Gazette.
DHAR SIR—I received line Webster's dictionary. It was very nice, and I like THE GAMETER LINE.
F. J. HALL.

Dear Gazette.

After having been almost a constant reader of
THE GAZETTE and its predecessors for eleven
years, I feel that I cannot keep house without
it, and as I received your premium dictionary a
few days since, am of the spinion that as an
educator you are keeping up with the times.

Accept my thanks for the book and best wishes
ser your future success and that of Teras. He

ALL EYES ON OHIO.

If Cleveland Takes the Stump Sherman will Challenge

HIM FOR A JOINT DEBATE.

Foraker will be Pitted Against Hill-'Twill be an Interesting Contest.

A Letter Which Shows the Action of the Fava was for Political Effect at Home.

Official Correspondence.

Washington, July 25.—A blue book containing the correspondence in relation to the killing of the Italian prisoners in the jail at New Orleans on March 14 has just been issued by the state department, and a number of letters and dispatches are made public for the first time. It appears from the correspondence, which dates as far back as October 21, 1890, that the state department was ever awake to the possibilipartment was ever awake to the possibilities of international complications arising from the murder of Chief Hennessey. In response to Secretary Blaine's dispatch of that date Governor Nichols telegraphed there was no occasion and had been none for executive action or unusual action in the premises.

the premises.

On November 13 the Italian counsel complained to the grand jury that several italian prisoners had been ill-treated in the jail, and when this was brought to the notice of Secretary Blaine by Baron Fava he at once laid the case before Governor Nichols. It appeared on investigation that the complaints were well founded, and the vicious system newsalling in the jail under vicious system prevailing in the jall under which the grievances had been made possi-ble was abolished. An exceedingly interesting letter, now

an exceedingly interesting letter, how published for the first time, is that of Minister Porter to Secretary Blaine, giving an account of Porter's interview with Count Darie, Italian under secretary, which goes to show that the action of the Italian ministers was taken chiefly for political effect at home

A Battle Royal.

It is reported here that the Republicans of Ohio will defer their arrangements about their big gurs for the coming campaign until they are advised as to the Democratic programme. They are not a little disturbed over the prospect of having to contend with visitors of the grade of Hill and Cleveland. They have, therefore, some nice calculations

to make.

A friend of Senator Sherman said to-night: "It is agreed that if Cleveland comes into Ohio to speak for Campbell he will either have to meet Sherman in joint debate or decline to do so. Of course he will be treated with perfect courtesy in the challenge, but he will be certain to receive one. If he comes, his appearance on the stump will entail on him the obligations of the stump. The point will be to see Clevehand have an opportunity to discuss some-thing besides the tariff, and if Sherman should give him that opportunity he will have occasion to remember it. Sherman, you know, intends to devote a good deal of his time to the financial question, on which-he and Cleveland are pretty well agreed." "And who is be sent after Governor

"And who is to be sent after Governor Hill!"

"Foraker. That will prove an interesting contest, too. Both are young men in politics, both are exceedingly popular with their followers and both possess that kind of dash that is highly effective on the stump. The probability is Hill and Foraker will draw larger crowds than another man and Cleveland. If the matches are made (and Foraker is anxious to cross made (and Foraker is anxious to cross swords with Hill), he will be in his best

canged for them. It's to be a hot campaign

ROBBING THE TOILERS.

THIEVES DESPOIL SOME GOOD ALLIANCE MEN

While They Innocently Slumber in a Wagon Yard-Tracy's Mouth Still Working and Keeping Up a Noise.

Special to the Gazette. Special to the Gazette.

GAINESVILLE, COOKE COUNTY, TEX.,
July 25.—The Farmers' Alliance and
Knights of Labor of this county held a picnic here to-day which was attended by a
large concourse of people, who were addressed by Harry Tracy of Dallas, secretary
of the state Alliance, his subject being the

sub-treasury bill At Brown's wagon yard in this city, pickpockets went through eight or ten farmers last night, securing a good sum from five of them. All of the farmers were asleep at the time, and some of them had their pockets cut, while others had their valuables removed by having their pants unfastened. The robbery was not discov-ered until this morning, and there is no clew to the theft. clew to the theft.

M'KINNEY CAMP-MEETING.

Third Party - Ex-Confederate Preparations

Special to the Gazette. McKinner, Collin County, Tex., July 25,—The Alliance camp-meeting closed this afternoon. The attendance has been large. At times 10,000 people were on the ground. Evan Jones, C. W. Macune, W. A. Peffer and A. J. Streetor have been the principal speakers. The tendency of the speakers is in the direction of the third party. Jennie Scott Wilson recited some beautiful pieces on the Alliance principles, and a woman orator whom the audience credited with being from Kansas, spoke this forenoon. The murcury was up in the nineties. Men were mounting their foreheads but the The nurcury was up in the nineties. Men were mopping their foreheads but the speech went on. The general result of the camp-meeting, is hard to estimate. It has been a great success. There is not as much talk of a third party as at the beginning, but there are many suggestions of inserting the sub-treasury in the Democratic platform, and this effort will be the outcome. Bailey's speech has been a disturbing element and disrupted calculations.

speech has been a disturbing element and disrupted calculations.

The ex-Confederates held an enthusiastic meeting to-day in furtherance of their preparations for their reunion, to be held here on the 6th and 7th of August. Committees were on hand, and the indications are that there will be a very large attendance.

District court adjourned for the term this afternoon. Quite a large amount of busiafternoon. Quite a large amount of business was transacted.

ondence of the Gazette

Belton, Bell County Tex., July 94.— Buck Williamson, the negro who killed his wife and Will Hamilton, Tuesday night, is still successfully evading the officers. A large number of men have been hunting for him ever since the killing, but as yet have not found him. The grand jury brought in eighteen in-

dictments yesterday. All for misdemean-ors. It is believed that the grand jury will not get through with the work before it until the latter part of next week.

Special to the Gazette. GAINESVILLE, COOKE COUNTY, TEX., July 25.—W. G. Kimberlin of White Bead Hill. I. T., was in the city to-day with his daughter who was bitten by a dog two days ago. He came to try the madstone, but it refused to adhere to the wound and he was greatly

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Seven children were drowned yesterday an accident at Seven Islands, Lower St. Lawrence river.

Henry M. Stanley, while climbing a ountain in Switzerland, fell and fractured his left thigh bone. At Franklin, Ky., John Granger, a negro.

was lynched yesterday morning. A few days ago he made threats against white people. A bridge across the Hudson at Seven-teenth street. New York, is to be built. A meeting of the stockholders is called for August 3 in Jersey City.

Sir James Ferguson, England's secretary of foreign affairs, says he believes that sat-isfactory arrangements for the arbitration of the Behring sea question will soon be Rev. J. N. Wright, an aged Methodist minister of Indianapolis, Ind., disappeared yesterday. His body was found floating in

the canal. He is supposed to have committed suicide. At South Portsmouth, Ky., yesterday, Capt. John Killen, an old steamboat man, was badly beaten by his negro servant, and his life is despaired of. If he dies the negro will be lynched.

Grand Duke Alexis of Russia will entertain Admiral Gervais and the officers of the French squadroon on the Russian cruiser, Asia. The French officers will be enter-tained by the czar at Peterhoff.

Divers at the Newport, R. I., torpedo station, have discovered the remains of an an-cient sunken vessel at least a century old. They took out a couple of guns and bouyed

At Lebanon, Ind., in a suit for the posses sion of church property of the Regular Baptist church, the minority, who held to the original articles of faith as adopted by the church at its organization, was placed in possession by the court.

the wreck for further search

News has been received of an attempted revolution in Cordova. Efforts were made to blow up the public buildings. Hundreds of arrests were made and the insurrection was suppressed. Twenty-three people are reported killed and many wounded.

Lord Salisbury in a communication to United States Minister Lincoln says con-temporaneous publication in a foreign country does not prevent an author from obtain-ing an English copyright, and that a resi-dence in Great Britain is not necessary for an alien to obtain a copyright. A Lima dispatch says Richard Cummings and two others charged with bribing, sedi-tion and attempting to blow up the torpedo cruisers. Lynch and Condell and the Trans-

Sunday. Twelve shots at four paces were fired by the soldiers and death was instan-Ex-President Grover Cleveland received a hearty welcome at Sandwich, Mass., yesterday. He was accompanied by Governor Russell and staff, George Q. McLaughlin, Joseph Jefferson, Gen. Whitier and other distinguished gentlemen. Governor Russell and Mr. Cleveland delivered eloquent addresses.

port Imperial, were executed at Valparaiso

Judging from the visit of the emperor of Germany to England, the visit of the Brit-ish fleet to Austria, the utterances of King Humbert together with the visit of the French squadron to Cronstadt, and the es-tablishment of a military post at Herat by Russia, it would appear that a war between the dreibund and England on one side, and Russia and France on the other was immi-

Death of a Leading Belton Citizen.

Belton, Bell County, Tex., July 25.— Judge Erasmus Walker, one of the most prominent citizens of this town, died at 2 o'clock this morning and was buried this afternoon. The bar association met and passed appropriate resolutions. Pallbearpassed appropriate resolutions. Pallbearers from the bar took charge of the remains and buried them. Judge Walker was one of the most popular members of our bar and the best liked man in the county. He had been here since 1853. He was in the legislature from 1863 to 1865, and was county judge from 1870 to 1878. He was a prominant member of the Presbyterian church and a man who stood high with everybody.

FOR ACTUAL SETTLERS.

INFORMATION WHICH WILL SERVE THEM IN LOCATING.

Terms on Which They May Settle on Leased Grazing Lands-Leases of 1887 Exempt From Settlement.

AUSTIN, TEX.. July 25.—The following, which explains itself, has been issued by the commissioner of the general land office: Actual settlers must be careful not to get

Special to the Gazette.

Actual settlers must be careful not to get on lands leased under the act of 1887. Where such leases were made after the land was classified as grazing lands the actual settler cannot buy inside of such leases, provided such leases are duly recorded and in good standing. The lease law was amended by the last legislature. See chapter 114, pages 180, 181 and 182; acts of the Twenty-second legislature. Section 14 of the previous acts of 1887 and Section 14 of the previous acts of 1887 and 1889 is amended thus: "The public lands and all lands belonging to the public free schools, asylums or university funds shall schools, asylums or university funds shall be leased by the comptroller of the general land office, under the provision of this act. All such lands lying west of the Pecos river and all such lands lying south of the Texas and Pacific railroad, except the counties of Concho, McCulloch, Coke, Sterling, Glasscock, Midland, Ector, Tom Green, Howard and Martin, and all university lands, shall be leased for a period of not longer than ten years and all other such lands lying north rears and all other such lands lying north of the Colorado river and north of the Texas and Pacific and the counties hereinbefore excepted from the ten year lease, shall be leased for a period not longer than five

In section 15, page 181, same act, there is one clause for actual settlers to take notice of, to-wit: All lands, the lease of which is fixed by this act at not exceeding five years, shall be leased subject to sale, provided, that if any lessee has actually settled upon any section of land included in his lease, and erected thereon his residence and substantial improvements, for permanent set-tlement, such section shall not be sold, nor shall such settler be disturbed during the term of his lease, and all leases of agricul-tural lands embraced in the territory where a lease not exceeding ten years is provided for in this act, shall be subject to sale to actual settlers, except when settlement and improvements are made as hereinbefore provided for in this section by the lesses improvements are made as hereinbefore provided for in this section, by the lessee. In all cases where an actual settler may desire to settle on any grazing land, which may have been leased under the five-year contract of lease, such actual settler shall first erect thereon substantial improvements of the value of not less than \$100, within four months after making his application to purchase, satisfactory proof of which shall be made under such regulations as the commissioner of the general land office may require, thereupon the land shall be awarded to him. W. L. MCGAUGHEY.

County paper please copy.

AT BUZZARD'S BAY.

DUTIES OF A GOOD NEIGHBOR,

The Text From Which the Ex-President Preaches an Excellent Sermon.

What Shall We Do With Our Second-Hand Presidents?-A Boom for the Writer of the Anti-Silver Letter. Russell's Remarks.

Sandwich, Mass., July 25.—Not since the centennial of this old town, two years ago has Sandwich been so full of enthusiasm as to-day, when she extends cordial wel-come to ex-President Cleveland, who has hosen Cape Cod as his place of residence

bounds of Sandwich and Bourne, but to all Cape Cod, whose residents, irrespective of politics, and summer visitors unite in wel-

A heavy fall of rain vesterday has been followed by pleasant weather to-day. The usual quiet is disturbed and the streets are transformed into busy thoroughfares, strangers by the hundreds having arrived last night and this morning. The steamer having on board Governor Russell and staff having on board Governor Russell and staff and other invited guests stopped at Buz-zard's Bay, where the ex-president escorted by George L. McLaughlin, was in waiting, accompanied by Joseph Jefferson, Gen, Whittier and other distinguished gentle-men. Mr. Cleveland was given a hearty reception on the train. Upon his arrival here a procession was formed, headed by a band, and Mr. Cleveland was escorted to a large tent, where a reception was held.

large tent, where a reception was held.

Mr. Cleveland and Governor Russell
walked arm-in-arm to the reception tents.

The streets were crowded and the distinguished guests were accorded continuous welcome along the entire line. Sam W. McCall, chairman of the recep-

tion committee, received the ex-president and other guests. At the reception Mr. Cleveland and Governor Russell shook hands with thousands of people and passed pleasant words of greeting. The reception lasted until nearly 1 o'clock, when half an hour recess was taken before dinner. At the close of the speeches the assemby ad-journed to the Casino where a banques was served. When Mr. Cleveland, entered and took his seat on the stage he was given a great ovation, ladies waving their handker-chlefs and gentlemen cheering. Three cheers were given for

"OUR NEXT PRESIDENT."
and three for the next governor. The
speakers and invited guests occupied seats on the platform. After the banquet George T. McLaughlin, chairman of the committee of arrangements, called the assembly to order and in a few words presented Henry C. Thatcher of Yarmouth, who presided at the post-prandial exercises. Thatcher made a brief address of welcome and congratula tion and then introduced Mr. Cleveland, the guest of the occasion.

As Cleveland rose to address the assen bly he was greeted with long-continued applause and cheers. When the enthusiasm had subsided he spoke.

had subsided he spoke.

Replying to the toast, "Our Neighbor, the ex-President." he praised the beauties of Cape Cod and returned thanks for the neighborly attention of its inhabitants. He spoke of the parable of the good Samaritan, although, he said, he had not fallen among thieves, and instead of one man having compassion for him he had been surrounded by them ever since he came to Cape Cod. by them ever since he came to Cape Cod He declared his intention to be a good neighbor, and notwithstanding a large majority of his neighbors were in a sad state of delusion, politically, he should not quarrel on this subject or become a political scold. While he did not wish to tempt such fate as hefell, the man from Jerusiem, he fate as befell the man from Jerusalem, he could hardly avoid dwelling on his fixed po-

do safely and properly. We can be tolerent of one another. We can constantly test our political belief by the light of patriotism. good citizenship and true Americanism, and we can be brave enough and lonest enough to follow where they lead. We shall thus elevate our political efforts and find incentives to activity in a determination to aid in making our county as great as it ought to be, and in securing ourselves and fellow countrymen's happiness and prosperity, due to all of us under a free government by the people. If our political endeavor is thus directed we shall rid ourselves of the blind-ness and bigotry, which accept unreasoning party association as a sufficient guide to political action, and which count the spoils of pertisan success as the sole object of political struggle. So, though we may differ in party affiliation, if we thoughtfully and sincerely believe and act, we may still be the best of neighbors, bound together by an unselfish willingness to forego those special advantages which can only be gained at the expense of our fellows. I am inclined at this point to suggest to you the lesson of the parable with which I begin. It teaches that a neighbor is not necessarily one whose residence is near, and that kindness and consideration make men neighbors. The Samaritan was the neighbor of his robbed and wounded fellowman, not because he lived near him, but because when in need he had compassion on him and bound up his wounds and cared for him. Indeed we all know that the worst quarrels often arise, the most bitter malice and resentment often

means to suppose from what has been said that I in the least fail to appreciate my good fortune in being almost a full-fledged resident of Cape Cod and Barnstable Speaking of the presidency, he said;
"The most impressive things connected with it, after the honor had been relinquished, was to see a citizen whom the people had selected from their ranks to do their bidding for the time, and to be their agent in the discharge of a public duty, has laid aside the honor and work of the

rage among those whose homes are adjoin

ing. These are sometimes called had neighbors, but in my opinion they ought not to be called neighbors at all. You are by no

RIGHEST OFFICE IN THE WORLD and has returned again to the people to re-sume at their side the ordinary duties which pertain to every-day citizenship. Here he is, or should be, subject to the same rules of behavior which apply to his fellow-countrymen, and should be accorded the same fair and decent treatment, unless he has in some way forfeited it. "But it must be admitted that our peo-

ple are by no means united in their ideas concerning the place which our ex-presiconcerning the place which our ex-presidents ought to occupy or the disposition which should be made of them. Of course the subject would be relieved of all uncertainty and embarrassment if every president would die at the end of his term. This does not seem, however, to meet the views of those who under such arrangement would be called on to do the dying, and some of them continue to live and thus perpetuate the perplexity of those who burden themselves with plans for their utilization or disposition. It is very amusing to find these anxious souls trying to make ususeful by laying upon our shoulders all sorts of political conspiracles. If they are ususeful by laying upon our shoulders all sorts of political conspiracies. If they are to be believed, we are constantly engaged in plotting for our own benefit and advancement, and are quite willing, for the sake of reaching our ends, not only to destroy the party to which we belong, but to subvert popular liberty and utterly uproot our free American institutions.

"Others seem of opinion that we should be utilized as orators at county fairs and

be utilized as orators at county fairs and other occasions of all sorts and at all sorts of places. Some think that we should in-terfere in every political contest and should

opinion on every subject of political char-acter that anybody has the ingenuity to suggest. Others still regard it as simply dreadful for us to do these things, and are Ex-President Cleveland and Governor Russell Banqueted greatly disturbed every time an ex-president ventures to express an opinion on any subject. Not a few appear to think we

should simply exist and be RLIND, DEAF AND DUMB the remainder of our days. In the midst of all this the wast majority of the plain Amerall this the vast majority of the plain American people are, as usual, sound and sensible. They are self-tespecting and have dignity enough to appropriate the fact that their respect and confidence as neighbors is something an ex-president may well covet and which, like any other man, he ought to earn. They will measure the regard and consideration due to him by his usefulness and worth as a private citizen. They will not agreef that the fact of his having been president gives him any license for had bepresident gives him any license for bad behavior, nor that it burdens him with unfavorable presumption. These are sentiments which we, on the side of the presidents

dent, will adopt, and these conditions we can well afford to accept.

Mr. Cleveland's remarks were frequently applauded and as he closed there was an other outburst of applause.

GOVERNOR RUSSELL was then introduced. Governor Russell said that "the sturdy citizens of Cape Co.i, laying aside distinctions of party, met today to extend a hearty welcome to our dis-tinguished guests. I join with you in wel-coming to her borders the ex-president of the United States, whom you gladiy greet as a neighbor and friend." The governor then spoke warmly in culogy of Cleveland's administration and closed as follows: "Massechusatts believes in sound cur-

"Massachusetts believes in sound cur-rency. She will not lend her aid to any movement, whatever may be its source and however honest be its purpose, which in its result would debase our currency or unsettle credit or impair values and give to labor in depreciated money less than its just dues. Her people sincerely believe that such movement mistakes the remedy for a just grievance, and will but add to the distress its selection. distress it seeks to relieve. The country distress it seeks to relieve. The country with confidence in you, of which any man in private life might well be proud, listened for an expression of your opinion. It would have been easy to remain silent or to give an answer meant to hide rather than to leacher your views. That was the course pointed out by self-interest and political ambition, but had you followed it you would have been untrue to the people and untrue to yourself. A patriot and a man of conto yourself. A patriot and a man of con-viction dares to tell the people the truta and to take the consequences. We mingle with our welcome to-day admiration for th courage that led you fearlessly and emphat-ically to state your convictions and again to lead public opinion to a right conception of an important public question.

MAKING RATES FAST.

The Railroad Commissioners Earning Their Pay.

CAN'T COME TO FORT WORTH.

The Commissioners Now Considering Rates on Grain, Lumber, Cotton and Salt-Special Rates to Cattle for

Feeding or Watering.

Austin, Tex., July 25.—The railroad ommission issued the following circular,

No. 3 to-day "Railroads desiring to establish a tariff covering reshipment of freight refused by consignees to the consignor or other person, may fix a lower rate for such shipments than that printed in the vegular tariff. The commission cannot approve a rate intended to cover a special case. Besides goods of a perishable nature would become worthless by the time the rates approved by the commission take effect if application for rates to cover reshipments is not made until oc-casion arises for reshipment, hence the necessity for regular tariff covering all

cases of reshipment likely to arise cases of resimpment littely to arise.

Rates on stock cattle moved from one
point to another on account of scarcity of
water or feed or for breeding purposes, or
for the purpose of concentration at a given
point to feed for market, may be less than he regular tariff applicable to cattle in tended for slaughtering purpose. Roads desiring to put on a tariff to cover such cases may do so under such regulations as

may be necessary to protect the tariff on stock destined for staughter. "The frequency of requests for special rates in such cases suggests the necessity or some such general tariffs as are above "By order of the commission

JOHN H. REAGAN, Chairman, "Attest: J. J. Arthur, Secretary." J. M. Clark, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, wrote to Judge Reagan, as chairman, asking the railroad commission to hold a session at Fort Worth at the ear-liest practicable day, stating that many large shippers desire to be heard on the question of rate making, and calling atten-tion to Fort Worth as the center of the vast interests of the Panhandle. Judge Reagan eplied that it would be impossible to con

ply with the request at an early day. Requests for sessions are coming in from other places. Vernon and Houston being the last. .

The commission is now very busy fixing up rates on grain, cotton, lumber and salt, which they desire to promulgate as soon as possible. They will probably submit the rates when agreed upon to the traffic men for their consideration before promulgating

them.

The following orders were made to-day: The East Line was granted rates on earth ernware, fire brick tiles, stoneware, pot-tery, etc., from Winsboro to all stations on the Missouri, Kansas and Texas in Texas;
Fort Worth and north: Carloads, 18 cents;
less than carloads, loose, 40 cents; in crates
or boxes, 30 cents. The same road was
granted a rate of \$10 per car on sawdust,
from Kellyville and intermediate points to
Greenville, effective August 3. The International and Great Northern, Texas and
Pacific and St. Louis and Southwestern
were granted rates on corn, wheat and
oats, carloads from all stations on the latter the Missouri, Kansas and Texas in Texas; oats, carloads from all stations on the latter named road to stations on the Mexican National to San Diego and westward via Tyler and Laredo, 30 cents from all stations

Automat to San Dego and westward via Tyler and Laredo, 30 cents from all stations on the Texas and Pacific in Texas. Fort Worth and west to Texarkana and Waskum, inclusive, its same points via Mineola or Longview junction and Laredo same rate.

The International and Great Northern was granted the following rates on stock cattle and feeders on its own line: Fifty miles and under, 5 cents per 100 pounds; 75 miles and over 75, 10 cents; 200 miles and over 150, 12½ cents; 300 miles and over 200, 15 cents; 400 miles and over 300, 17½ cents; 500 miles and over, 20 cents. These rates apply only on ordinary car shipments. On "stable" cars 10 points higher. They apply only on cattle moved from one feeding point to another.

Victims of Jove's Wrath. Special to the Gazette.

Special to the Gazette.

ELGIN, BASTROP COUNTY, TEX., July 25.

—R. U. Benson and a little negro boy wera coming from Taylor yesterday afternoon in a wagon, during a beavy rain. Lightning struck and instanaly killed a mule in the team and stunning Mr. Benson and the boy. The boy will probably die, and Mr. Benson has frequent smothering spells and his chances are uncertain. chances are uncertain.

THE MAN who went out to milk and waited for the cow to back up to him, was the eldest brother of the man who kept store and

DID NOT ADVERTISE.